# Multiparty protocol specification and endpoint implementation using Scribble

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http://www.doc.ic.ac.uk/~rhu/betty16a.pdf

## Aims

- Scribble
  - Implementation and application of MPST to current practices
  - Specify real-world protocols
  - Implement fully interoperable endpoints in mainstream languages

- Hypertext Transfer Protocol
  - HTTP/1.1 RFCs 7230–7235 [HTTP]
  - Client-server request-response "methods"
    - https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7230#section-2.1
  - (e.g. Web browser fetching a page from Web server)

[HTTP1.1] https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7230, ...

- Protocol specification = messages + interactions
  - https://github.com/rhu1/scribble-java/tree/rhu1-research/modules/core/src/ test/scrib/demo/betty16/lec1/httpshort

#### // Message types

sig <java> "demo.betty16.lec1.httpshort.message.client.Request"
 from "demo/betty16/httpshort/message/Request.java"
 as Request;

sig <java> "demo.betty16.lec1.httpshort.message.server.Response"
 from "demo/betty16/shortvers/message/Response.java"
 as Response;

```
global protocol Http(role C, role S) {
   // Interaction structure
   Request from C to S;
   Response from S to C;
}
```

▶ For now, assume a basic fluent (call-chaining) Java API over TCP sockets

```
String host = "www.doc.ic.ac.uk"; int port = 80;
Buf<Response> buf = new Buf<>();
```

```
c.send(S, new Request("/~rhu/", "1.1", host))
.receive(S, Response, buf); // Received message read into buf
```

```
c.send(S, new Response("1.1", "..body.."))
.receive(S, Response, buf);
```

```
c.send(S, new Request("/~rhu/", "1.1", host))
.send(S, new Request("/~rhu/", "1.1", host))
.receive(S, Response, buf);
```

..so is that it? For a good implementation

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c.send(S, new Request("/~rhu/", "1.1", host))
.receive(S, Response, buf); // Received message read into buf
```

```
c.send(S, new Response("1.1", "..body.."))
.receive(S, Response, buf); The method send(S, Request) ... for the arguments (S, Response)
```

```
c.send(S, new Request("/~rhu/", "1.1", host))
.send(S, new Request("/~rhu/", "1.1", host))
.receive(S, Response, buf);
```

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String host = "www.doc.ic.ac.uk"; int port = 80;
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c.send(S, new Request("/~rhu/", "1.1", host))
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```
c.send(S, new Response("1.1", "..body.."))
.receive(S, Response, buf);
```

```
c.send(S, new Request("/~rhu/", "1.1", host))
.send(S, new Request("/~rhu/", "1.1", host))
.receive(S, Response, buf); The method send(S, Request) is undefined for the type Http_C_2
```

..so is that it? For a good implementation

```
▶ For now, assume a basic fluent (call-chaining) Java API over TCP sockets
```

```
String host = "www.doc.ic.ac.uk"; int port = 80;
Buf<Response> buf = new Buf<>();
```

```
c.send(S, new Request("/~rhu/", "1.1", host))
.receive(S, Response, buf); // Received message read into buf
```

```
c.send(S, new Response("1.1", "...body.."))
.receive(S, Response, buf);
```

```
c.send(S, new Request("/~rhu/", "1.1", host))
.send(S, new Request("/~rhu/", "1.1", host))
.receive(S, Response, buf);
```

```
..so is that it? For a good implementation
```

### Message types vs. interaction structure

- Simple interaction structure..
  - ...means more work is done in message serialization/deserialization
    - https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7230#section-3
  - The call-response pattern and top-level data types are checked.. how about serialization/deserializaton?
- Specification interplay between data types and interaction structure
  - Can leverage session types to expose message formatting details

### HTTP client-server conversation

telnet www.doc.ic.ac.uk 80

```
GET /~rhu/ HTTP/1.1
Host: www.doc.ic.ac.uk
User-Agent: User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.3; WOW64; rv:47.0) Gecko/20
100101 Firefox/47.0
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-GB,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
DNT: 1
Connection: keep-alive
```

### HTTP client-server conversation

telnet www.doc.ic.ac.uk 80

HTTP/1.1 200 OK Date: Mon, 13 Jun 2016 19:42:34 GMT Server: Apache Strict-Transport-Security: max-age=31536000; preload; includeSubDomains Strict-Transport-Security: max-age=31536000; preload; includeSubDomains Last-Modified: Thu, 14 Apr 2016 12:46:24 GMT ETag: "74a-53071482f6e0f" Accept-Ranges: bytes Content-Length: 1866 Vary: Accept-Encoding Content-Type: text/html Via: 1.1 www.doc.ic.ac.uk

### Decomposing message structures...

https://github.com/rhu1/scribble-java/tree/rhu1-research/modules/core/src/test/ scrib/demo/betty16/lec1/httplong

#### Client messages

sig <java> "...message.client.RequestLine" from "...message/RequestLine.java"
 as RequestLine; // GET /~rhu/ HTTP/1.1
sig <java> "...message.client.Host" from "...message/Host.java"
 as Host; // host: www.doc.ic.ac.uk
sig <java> "...message.client.UserAgent" from "...message/UserAgent.java"
 as UserAgent; // User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 ... Firefox/38.0
...

#### Server messages

sig <java> "...message.server.HttpVersion" from "...message/HttpVersion.java"
 as HTTPV; // HTTP/1.1
sig <java> "...message.server.\_200" from "...message/\_200.java"
 as 200; // 200 0K
sig <java> "...message.server.\_404" from "...message/\_404.java"
 as 404; // 404 Not found
...

```
global protocol Http(role C, role S) {
 do Request(C, S);
 do Response(C, S);
}
global protocol Request(role C, role S) {
 RequestLine from C to S; // GET /~rhu/ HTTP/1.1
 rec X {
   choice at C {
     Host from C to S: // Host: www.doc.ic.ac.uk
     continue X;
   f or f
     UserAgent from C to S; // User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 ...
     continue X;
   } or {
   f or f
    Body from C to S:
   }
```

} }

```
global protocol Http(role C, role S) {
   do Request(C, S);
   do Response(C, S);
}
```

#### global protocol Request(role C, role S) {

```
RequestLine from C to S; // GET /-rhu/ HTTP/1.1
rec X {
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        Host from C to S; // Host: www.doc.ic.ac.uk
        continue X;
    } or {
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    } or {
        ...
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     continue X;
   f or f
     UserAgent from C to S; // User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 ...
     continue X;
   } or {
   f or f
     Body from C to S;
   7
} }
```

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global protocol Http(role C, role S) {
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     continue X;
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   }
} }
```

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     continue X;
   } or {
     . . .
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 RequestLine from C to S; // GET /~rhu/ HTTP/1.1
 rec X {
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     Host from C to S: // Host: www.doc.ic.ac.uk
     continue X;
   f or f
     UserAgent from C to S; // User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 ...
     continue X;
   } or {
   } or {
     Body from C to S;
   }
} }
```

```
global protocol Reponse(role C, role S) {
```

```
HttpVers from S to C; // HTTP/1.1
 choice at S {
   200 from S to C; // 200 OK
 } or {
   404 from S to C; // 404 Not found
 } or {
 }
 rec Y {
   choice at S {
     Date from S to C; // Date: Sun, 24 May 2015 21:04:36 GMT
     continue Y:
   } or {
     Server from S to C; // Server: Apache
     continue Y:
   f or f
   } or {
     Body from S to C; // <html>...</html>
   }
} }
```

```
global protocol Reponse(role C, role S) {
 HttpVers from S to C; // HTTP/1.1
 choice at S {
   200 from S to C; // 200 OK
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     continue Y;
   } or {
     . . .
   f or f
     Body from S to C; // <html>...</html>
} }
```

response(request(new Http\_C\_1(client), "www.doc.ic.ac.uk"));

```
Http_C_3 request(Http_C_1 c1, String host) throws ... {
  return
    c1.send(S, new RequestLine("/~rhu/", "1.1"))
        .send(S, new Host(host))
        .send(S, new Body(""));
}
```

✓ Formatting of request message (request line, fields) is now checked

response(request(new Http\_C\_1(client), "www.doc.ic.ac.uk"));

```
Http_C_3 request(Http_C_1 c1, String host) throws ... {
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}
```

✓ Formatting of request message (request line, fields) is now checked

```
void response(Http C 3 c3) throws ... {
 Http C 4 Cases status = c3.async(S, HTTPV).branch(S);
 switch (status.op) {
   case _200: responseAux(status.receive(_200)); break;
   case _404: responseAux(status.receive(_404)); break;
   default: throw new RuntimeException("[TODO]: " + status.op);
} }
void responseAux(Http_C_5 c5) throws ... {
 Http_C_5_Cases cases = c5.branch(S);
 switch (cases.op) {
   case DATE: responseAux(cases.receive(DATE)); break;
   case SERVER: responseAux(cases.receive(SERVER)); break;
   case BODY: { Buf<Body> buf body = new Buf<>();
                cases.receive(BODY, buf_body);
                System.out.println(buf body.val.getBody());
                return; }
   default: throw new RuntimeException("[TODO]: " + cases.op);
} }
```

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} }
```

- Rigorous specification and verification of protocols is important (Even for a "simple" binary call-return)
- Further alternative specifications?
  - Most simplified:
  - Most detailed:
- Similarly for the server
  - > All versions interoperable with (compliant) real-world implementations
  - And with each other

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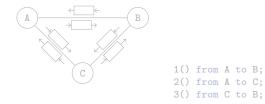
- Rigorous specification and verification of protocols is important (Even for a "simple" binary call-return)
- Further alternative specifications?
  - Most simplified: call-return of ASCII strings
  - Most detailed: towards "character-perfect" I/O?
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## Outline

- Scribble toolchain implementation of MPST
  - Specify and check global protocol
  - Check endpoint implementations follow their role in the protocol
- Remainder of this session
  - Overview of the Scribble toolchain
    - Illustration of correspondence between MPST and communicating FSMs
  - Good and bad asynchronous multiparty protocols by example
- Next session
  - Session programming in Java
    - Hybrid session verification by Endpoint API generation
- (Implementation of distributed session delegation and asynchronous interrupt messages)

## Scribble

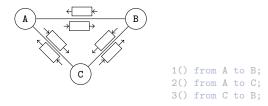
- Adapts and extends formal MPST as a practical language for explicit specification of multiparty message passing protocols
  - ► Type syntax close to [MSCS15] Coppo, Dezani-Ciancaglini, Yoshida and Padovani
  - Key features build on correspondence to communicating FSM [ESOP12] Deniélou, Yoshida
  - Communication model: asynchronous, reliable, role-to-role ordering



- Scribble applies to sessions conducted over transports that fit this model e.g. TCP, HTTP/TCP, ..., (AMQP), ..., shared memory, ...
- Scribble protocols should be fully explicit: no implicit messages needed to conduct a session

## Scribble

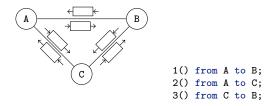
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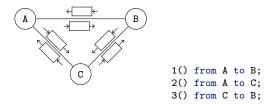
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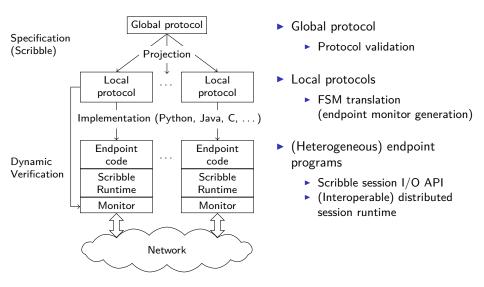
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## Scribble collaborations

- ► JBoss Savara (Red Hat): tool support for Testable Architecture
  - http://www.jboss.org/savara
  - ► Cognizant ZDLC: tools for governance and reverse engineering workflows
    - Uses Savara for internal modelling
    - http://www.cognizantzdlc.com/
- Ocean Observatories Initiative
  - Python-based endpoints on an AMQP-based network
    - http://oceanobservatories.org/
    - https://confluence.oceanobservatories.org/display/syseng/CIAD+COI+TV+ Conversations+and+Session+Types
- Scribble resources
  - http://www.scribble.org/ (Some of the pre-built tools are based on older Scribble versions)
    - Master: https://github.com/scribble/scribble-java
    - Research: (used in these lectures; additional features but less stable) https://github.com/rhu1/scribble-java/tree/rhu1-research

[FASE16] Hybrid session verification through Endpoint API generation. Hu and Yoshida.[TGC13] The Scribble Protocol Language. Yoshida, Hu, Neykova and Ng.

# Scribble: MPST adapted for run-time monitoring

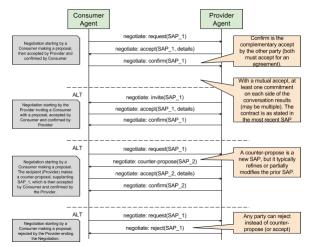


## OOI Agent negotiation: user description

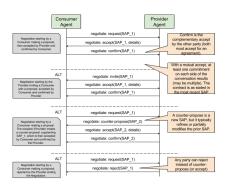
https:

//confluence.oceanobservatories.org/display/syseng/CIAD+COI+OV+Negotiate+Protocol

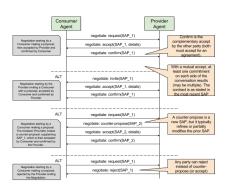
https://github.com/rhu1/scribble-java/blob/rhu1-research/modules/core/src/test/ scrib/demo/betty16/lec1/nego/Negotiate.scr



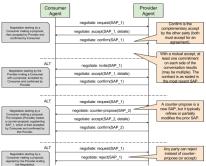
```
global protocol Negotiate(role C, role P) {
 propose(SAP) from C to P;
 rec X {
   choice at P {
     accpt() from P to C;
     confirm() from C to P:
   } or {
     reject() from P to C;
   } or {
     propose(SAP) from P to C;
     choice at C {
       accpt() from C to P:
       confirm() from P to C:
     } or {
       reject() from C to P:
     } or {
       propose(SAP) from C to P;
      continue X;
```



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 propose(SAP) from C to P;
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     accpt() from P to C;
     confirm() from C to P:
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     propose(SAP) from P to C;
     choice at C {
       accpt() from C to P:
       confirm() from P to C:
     } or {
       reject() from C to P:
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       propose(SAP) from C to P;
       continue X;
1 1 1 1
```

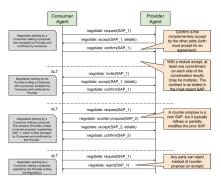


```
global protocol Negotiate(role C, role P) {
 propose(SAP) from C to P;
 rec X {
   choice at P {
     accpt() from P to C;
     confirm() from C to P:
   f or f
     reject() from P to C;
   f or f
     propose(SAP) from P to C;
     choice at C {
       accpt() from C to P:
       confirm() from P to C:
     } or {
       reject() from C to P:
     } or {
       propose(SAP) from C to P;
      continue X;
```

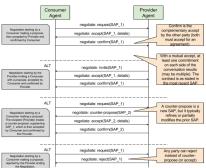


```
type <yml> "SAPDoc1" from "SAPDoc1.yml" as SAP;
```

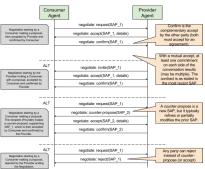
```
global protocol Negotiate(role C, role P) {
 propose(SAP) from C to P;
 rec X {
   choice at P {
     accpt() from P to C;
     confirm() from C to P:
   } or {
     reject() from P to C;
   } or {
     propose(SAP) from P to C;
     choice at C {
       accpt() from C to P:
       confirm() from P to C:
     } or {
       reject() from C to P:
     } or {
       propose(SAP) from C to P;
       continue X;
1 1 1 1
```



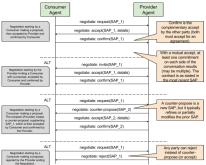
```
global protocol Negotiate(role C, role P) {
 propose(SAP) from C to P;
 rec X {
   choice at P {
     accpt() from P to C;
     confirm() from C to P:
   } or {
     reject() from P to C;
   } or {
     propose(SAP) from P to C;
     choice at C {
       accpt() from C to P:
       confirm() from P to C:
     } or {
       reject() from C to P:
     } or {
       propose(SAP) from C to P;
       continue X;
1 1 1 1
```



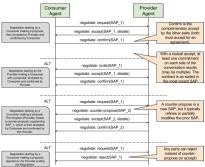
```
global protocol Negotiate(role C, role P) {
 propose(SAP) from C to P;
 rec X {
   choice at P {
     accpt() from P to C;
     confirm() from C to P:
   } or {
     reject() from P to C;
   } or {
     propose(SAP) from P to C;
     choice at C {
       accpt() from C to P:
       confirm() from P to C:
     } or {
       reject() from C to P:
     } or {
       propose(SAP) from C to P;
       continue X;
1 1 1 1
```



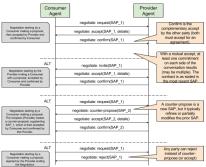
```
global protocol Negotiate(role C, role P) {
 propose(SAP) from C to P;
 rec X {
   choice at P {
     accpt() from P to C;
     confirm() from C to P:
   } or {
     reject() from P to C;
   } or {
     propose(SAP) from P to C;
     choice at C {
       accpt() from C to P:
       confirm() from P to C:
     } or {
       reject() from C to P:
     } or {
       propose(SAP) from C to P;
       continue X;
}
```



```
global protocol Negotiate(role C, role P) {
 propose(SAP) from C to P;
 rec X {
   choice at P {
     accpt() from P to C;
     confirm() from C to P:
   } or {
     reject() from P to C;
   } or {
     propose(SAP) from P to C;
     choice at C {
       accpt() from C to P;
       confirm() from P to C;
     } or {
       reject() from C to P;
     } or {
       propose(SAP) from C to P;
       continue X;
1 1 1 1
```

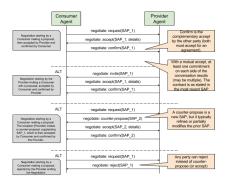


```
global protocol Negotiate(role C, role P) {
 propose(SAP) from C to P;
 rec X {
   choice at P {
     accpt() from P to C;
     confirm() from C to P:
   } or {
     reject() from P to C;
   } or {
     propose(SAP) from P to C;
     choice at C {
       accpt() from C to P:
       confirm() from P to C:
     } or {
       reject() from C to P:
     } or {
       propose(SAP) from C to P;
       continue X;
} } } }
```



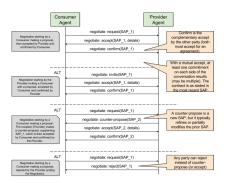
## OOI Agent negotiation: local projection for C

```
propose(SAP) to P;
rec X {
 choice at P {
   accpt() to C;
   confirm() to P:
 f or f
   reject() from P;
 f or f
   propose(SAP) from P;
   choice at C {
     accpt() to P;
     confirm() from P;
   f or f
     reject() to P;
   } or {
     propose(SAP) to P;
     continue X;
1 1 1
```



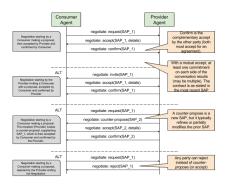
# OOI Agent negotiation: local projection for C

```
propose(SAP) to P;
rec X {
 choice at P {
   accpt() to C;
   confirm() to P:
 f or f
   reject() from P;
 f or f
   propose(SAP) from P;
   choice at C {
     accpt() to P;
     confirm() from P;
   f or f
     reject() to P;
   } or {
     propose(SAP) to P;
     continue X;
1 1 1
```

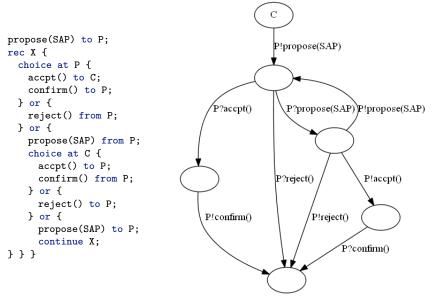


# OOI Agent negotiation: local projection for C

```
propose(SAP) to P;
rec X {
 choice at P {
   accpt() to C;
   confirm() to P:
 } or {
   reject() from P;
 } or {
   propose(SAP) from P;
   choice at C {
     accpt() to P;
     confirm() from P;
   r < r
     reject() to P;
   f or f
     propose(SAP) to P;
     continue X;
```



## OOI Agent negotiation: FSM translation for C

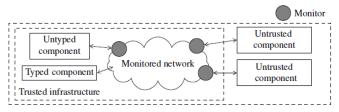


# Python Conversation API

```
class UserApp(BaseApp):
   def start(self):
       conv = Conversation.create('Negotiate', 'config.yml')
       with conv.join(C, 'consumer') as c
           c.send(P, 'propose', sap)
           aux(c, sap)
   def aux(self, c, sap):
       msg = c.recv(P) # Monitor ensures accept/propose/reject
       if msg.label == 'accept':
           c.send(P, 'confirm')
       elif msg.label == 'propose':
           if isAcceptable(msg.arg[0]):
              c.send(P, 'accept')
              c.receive(P, 'confirm')
           elif isNegotiable(msg.arg[0]):
              sap2 = revise(msg.arg[0])
              c.send(P, 'propose', sap1)
              aux(c, sap1)
           else:
              c.send(P, 'reject')
```

- Endpoints implemented using Scribble-Python API
- Inline ("synchronous") vs. outline ("asynchronous") monitoring

## MPST-based distributed protocol monitoring

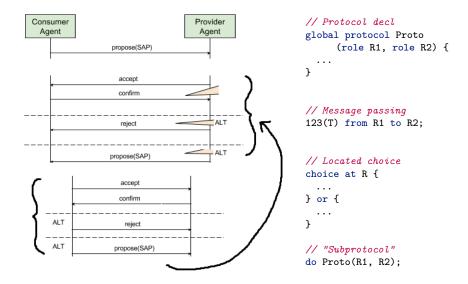


Dynamic verification of MPST communication safety

- Session fidelity: correspondence between system of monitored endpoints and the original global specification
- Local transparency: a monitored process has equivalent behaviour to an unmonitored but statically verified process

#### Interoperability

- [FMOODS13] Monitoring networks through multiparty session types. Bocchi, Chen, Demangeon, Honda and Yoshida.
  - [RV13] Practical Interruptible Conversations. Hu, Neykova, Yoshida, Demangeon and Honda.
  - [TGC11] Asynchronous Distributed Monitoring for Multiparty Session Enforcement. Chen, Bocchi, Deniélou, Honda and Yoshida.



```
global protocol Negotiate(role C, role P) {
 propose(SAP) from C to P;
 rec X {
   choice at P {
     accpt() from P to C;
     confirm() from C to P:
   f or f
     reject() from P to C;
   f or f
     propose(SAP) from P to C;
     choice at C {
       accpt() from C to P;
       confirm() from P to C;
     } or {
       reject() from C to P;
     } or {
       propose(SAP) from C to P;
       continue X:
```

```
// Protocol decl
global protocol Proto
        (role R1, role R2) {
    ...
}
```

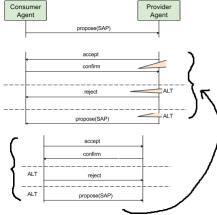
```
// Message passing
123(T) from R1 to R2;
```

```
// Located choice
choice at R {
    ...
} or {
    ...
}
```

```
// "Subprotocol"
do Proto(R1, R2);
```

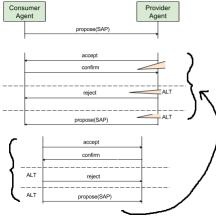
```
global protocol Negotiate(role C, role P) {
    propose(SAP) from C to P;
    do Aux(P, C);
}
```

```
global protocol Aux(role A, role B) {
  choice at A {
    accpt() from A to B;
    confirm() from B to A;
  } or {
    reject() from A to B;
  } or {
    propose(SAP) from A to B;
    do Aux(B, A);
  }
}
```



```
global protocol Negotiate(role C, role P) {
   propose(SAP) from C to P;
   do Aux(P, C);
}
```

```
global protocol Aux(role A, role B) {
   choice at A {
      accpt() from A to B;
   confirm() from B to A;
   } or {
      reject() from A to B;
   } or {
      propose(SAP) from A to B;
      do Aux(B, A);
   }
}
```

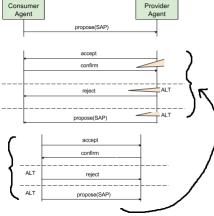


```
global protocol Negotiate(role C, role P) {
   propose(SAP) from C to P;
   do Aux(P, C);
}
```

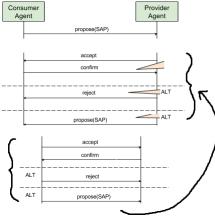
#### global protocol Aux(role A, role B) {

```
choice at A {
   accpt() from A to B;
   confirm() from B to A;
} or {
   reject() from A to B;
} or {
   propose(SAP) from A to B;
   do Aux(B, A);
}
```

}



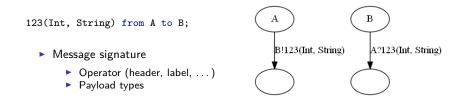
```
global protocol Negotiate(role C, role P) {
   propose(SAP) from C to P;
   choice at P {
      accpt() from P to C;
      confirm() from C to P;
   } or {
      reject() from P to C;
   } or {
      do Negotiate(P, C);
   }
}
```



# Good/bad MPST by example

- Core Scribble constructs (review)
  - Further illustration of endpoint FSMs
- MPST safety and liveness errors (informally)
  - What can go wrong in a "bad" session type?
  - How are they ruled out in formal MPST (syntactically)
- https://github.com/rhu1/scribble-java/tree/rhu1-research/modules/core/src/test/ scrib/demo/betty16/lec1/misc

## Role-to-role message passing

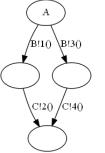


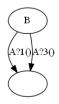
- () from A to B;
  - Empty operator and/or payload OK

# Choice

"Located" multiparty choice

```
choice at A {
   1() from A to B;
   2() from A to C;
} or {
   3() from A to B;
   4() from A to C;
}
```



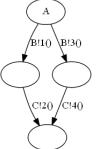


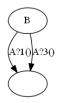
- Internal choice by global choice subject
- External choice for all other involved roles
- Only enabled roles can send messages in choice paths
  - Subject starts enabled; others disabled
  - A disabled role is enabled by receiving a message from an enabled role

# Choice

"Located" multiparty choice

```
choice at A {
   1() from A to B;
   2() from A to C;
} or {
   3() from A to B;
   4() from A to C;
}
```



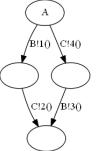


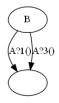
- Internal choice by global choice subject
- External choice for all other involved roles
- Only enabled roles can send messages in choice paths
  - Subject starts enabled; others disabled
  - A disabled role is enabled by receiving a message from an enabled role

# Choice

"Located" multiparty choice

```
choice at A {
   1() from A to B;
   2() from A to C;
} or {
   4() from A to C;
   3() from A to B;
}
```





- Internal choice by global choice subject
- External choice for all other involved roles
- Only enabled roles can send messages in choice paths
  - Subject starts enabled; others disabled
  - A disabled role is enabled by receiving a message from an enabled role

### "Located" choice

```
choice at A {
  buyer1(Int) from A to B; // Total to pay
  (Int) from B to A; // B will pay this much
  buyer2(Int) from A to C; // C pays remainder
} or {
  buyer1(Int) from A to C; // Total to pay
  (Int) from C to A; // C will pay this much
  buyer2(Int) from A to B; // B pays remainder
}
```

 $\blacktriangleright$  More "flexible" than "directed" choice  $\mathbf{p} \to \mathbf{q} \, : \, \{ \mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{i}} : G_i \}_{i \in I} \quad \text{Branching}$ 

Branching via messages with identical payloads OK (cf. [POPL11]) choice at A { 1() from A to B; } or { 1(Int) from A to B; }

### "Located" choice

```
choice at A {
  buyer1(Int) from A to B; // Total to pay
  (Int) from B to A; // B will pay this much
  buyer2(Int) from A to C; // C pays remainder
} or {
  buyer1(Int) from A to C; // Total to pay
  (Int) from C to A; // C will pay this much
  buyer2(Int) from A to B; // B pays remainder
}
```

More "flexible" than "directed" choice

 $\mathbf{p} \to \mathbf{q} : \{\mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{i}} : G_i\}_{i \in I}$  Branching

Branching via messages with identical payloads OK (cf. [POPL11]) choice at A { 1() from A to B; } or { 1(Int) from A to B; } X

### Exercise: role enabling

Only enabled roles can send messages in choice paths

- Subject starts enabled; others disabled
- > A disabled role is enabled by receiving a message from an enabled role

```
choice at A {
   1() from A to B;
   1() from B to C;
} or {
   2() from B to A;
   choice at B {
        2() from B to C;
   } or {
        3() from B to C;
   }
}
```

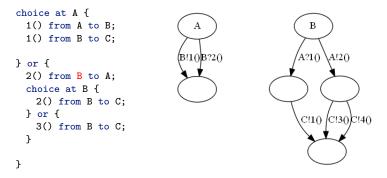
}

Syntactic Scribble error?

### Exercise: role enabling

Only enabled roles can send messages in choice paths

- Subject starts enabled; others disabled
- > A disabled role is enabled by receiving a message from an enabled role

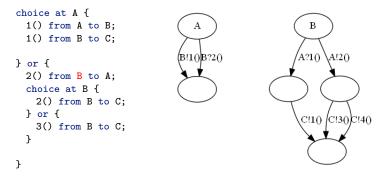


Syntactic Scribble error? B not enabled ("mixed choice" protocol states)

### Exercise: role enabling

Only enabled roles can send messages in choice paths

- Subject starts enabled; others disabled
- > A disabled role is enabled by receiving a message from an enabled role



- Syntactic Scribble error? B not enabled ("mixed choice" protocol states)
- What actually "goes wrong"?

### Exercise: role enabling

Only enabled roles can send messages in choice paths

- Subject starts enabled; others disabled
- > A disabled role is enabled by receiving a message from an enabled role

```
choice at A {
   1() from A to B;
   1() from B to C;
   1() from C to A;
} or {
   2() from B to A;
   choice at B {
        2() from B to C;
   } or {
        3() from B to C;
   }
   4() from C to A;
}
```

- Syntactic Scribble error? B not enabled ("mixed choice" protocol states)
- What actually "goes wrong"?

### Exercise: role enabling

Only enabled roles can send messages in choice paths

- Subject starts enabled; others disabled
- > A disabled role is enabled by receiving a message from an enabled role

```
choice at A {
   1() from A to B;
   1() from B to C;
   1() from C to A;
} or {
   2() from B to A;
   choice at B {
        2() from B to C;
   } or {
        3() from B to C;
   }
   4() from C to A;
}
```

- Syntactic Scribble error? B not enabled ("mixed choice" protocol states)
- What actually "goes wrong"?
  - MPST safety errors: receptions errors, orphan messages, deadlock

```
choice at A {
   1() from A to B;
   3() from B to C;
   4() from C to A;
} or {
   2() from A to B;
   3() from B to C;
   5() from C to A;
}
```

```
choice at A {
   1() from A to B;
   3() from B to C; X
   4() from C to A;
} or {
   2() from A to B;
   3() from B to C; X
   5() from C to A;
}
```

- "Ambiguous" choice to C
  - Should C send a 4 or a 5 to A?

```
choice at A {
   1() from A to B;
   3() from B to C; X
   4() from C to A;
} or {
   2() from A to B;
   3() from B to C; X
   5() from C to A;
}
```

"Ambiguous" choice to C

- Should C send a 4 or a 5 to A?
- Potential reception errors (4, 5), if interpreted non-deterministically

```
choice at A {
   1() from A to B;
   3() from B to C; X
   4() from C to A;
} or {
   2() from A to B;
   3() from B to C; X
   5() from C to A;
}
```

- "Ambiguous" choice to C
  - Should C send a 4 or a 5 to A?
  - Potential reception errors (4, 5), if interpreted non-deterministically
- ► Non-det external choice at C inconsistent with original internal choice by A
  - Not "mergeable" in syntactic projection (Need to merge continuations: undefined for distinct outputs)
  - Simple fix: distinguish the 3's (distinct external choice ops mergeable)

```
choice at A {
   1() from A to B;
   3() from B to C;
   4() from A to C;
} or {
   2() from A to B;
   3() from B to C;
   4() from A to C;
}
```

```
choice at A {
   1() from A to B;
   3() from B to C;
   4() from A to C; ✓
} or {
   2() from A to B;
   3() from B to C;
   4() from A to C; ✓
}
```

```
choice at A {
    1() from A to B;
    3() from B to C;
    do Merge(A, C);
} or {
    2() from A to B;
    3() from B to C;
    do Merge(A, C);
}
global protocol Merge(role A, role C) {
    4() from A to C;
}
```

Duplicate cases inherently mergeable, e.g. [POPL11]

```
choice at A {
   1() from A to B;
   3() from B to C;
   do Merge(A, C);
   or {
    2() from A to B;
    3() from B to C;
    do Merge(A, C);
   }
global protocol Merge(role A, role C) {
    4() from C to A;
}
```

Duplicate cases inherently mergeable, e.g. [POPL11]

```
choice at A {
   1() from A to B;
   3() from B to C;
   do Merge(A, C);
 } or {
   2() from A to B;
   3() from B to C;
   do Merge(A, C);
  }
global protocol Merge(role A, role C) {
  choice at A {
   4() from A to C;
 } or {
   5() from A to C;
} }
```

Duplicate cases inherently mergeable, e.g. [POPL11]

```
choice at A {
   1a() from A to B;
   2() from A to C;
   3() from B to C;
   4() from C to A;
} or {
   1b() from A to B;
   3() from B to C;
   4() from C to A;
}
```

```
choice at A {
   1a() from A to B;
   2() from A to C; X
   3() from B to C;
   4() from C to A;
} or {
   1b() from A to B;
   3() from B to C; X
   4() from C to A;
}
```

- "Race condition" in choice to C due to asynchrony
  - What should C do after receiving a 3?

```
choice at A {
   1a() from A to B;
   2() from A to C; X
   3() from B to C;
   4() from C to A;
} or {
   1b() from A to B;
   3() from B to C; X
   4() from C to A;
}
```

- "Race condition" in choice to C due to asynchrony
  - What should C do after receiving a 3?
  - Potential orphan message (2), if intepreted as "multi-queue FIFO"

```
choice at A {
   1a() from A to B;
   2() from A to C; X
   3() from B to C;
   4() from C to A;
} or {
   1b() from A to B;
   3() from B to C; X
   4() from C to A;
}
```

- "Race condition" in choice to C due to asynchrony
  - What should C do after receiving a 3?
  - Potential orphan message (2), if intepreted as "multi-queue FIFO"
- Inconsistent external choice subjects
  - (Trivially non-mergeable in standard MPST)
  - A role must be enabled by the same role in all choice paths

```
choice at A {
   1() from A to B;
   2() from A to C;
} or {
   3() from A to B;
}
```

"Unrealisable" choice for C

- No implicit messages can be assumed, e.g., end-of-session
- How can C locally determine if no message is coming?

"Unrealisable" choice for C

- No implicit messages can be assumed, e.g., end-of-session
- How can C locally determine if no message is coming?
- Potential deadlock (C waiting-for A), or potential orphan (2), depending on interpretation

```
choice at A {
   1() from A to B;
   2() from A to C; X
} or {
   3() from A to B;
}   X
```

"Unrealisable" choice for C

- No implicit messages can be assumed, e.g., end-of-session
- How can C locally determine if no message is coming?
- Potential deadlock (C waiting-for A), or potential orphan (2), depending on interpretation
- Empty action option to terminal state
  - Cannot merge end type with anything else

```
rec X {
    choice at A {
        1() from A to B;
        continue X;
        2() from A to B;
    } or {
        3() from A to B;
    }
    4() from A to B;
}
5() from A to B;
```

Tail recursion within recursive scopes

```
rec X {
   choice at A {
      1() from A to B;
   continue X;
   2() from A to B; X
   } or {
      3() from A to B;
   }
   4() from A to B;
}
5() from A to B;
```

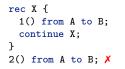
- Tail recursion within recursive scopes
  - Rechability of protocol states (no "dead code")

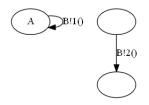
```
rec X {
   choice at A {
      1() from A to B;
   continue X;
   2() from A to B; X
   } or {
      3() from A to B;
   }
   4() from A to B; X
}
5() from A to B;
```

- Tail recursion within recursive scopes
  - Rechability of protocol states (no "dead code")
  - Regular interaction structure at endpoints (CFSM model)

```
rec X {
   1() from A to B;
   continue X;
}
2() from A to B;
```

Reachability of protocol states





Reachability of protocol states

```
rec X {
   1() from A to B;
   continue X;
}
2() from A to B; 
rec X {
   1() from A to B;
   continue X;
}
```

Reachability of protocol states

2() from C to D;

```
rec X {
   1() from A to B;
   continue X;
}
2() from A to B; X
rec X {
   1() from A to B;
   continue X;
}
```

```
2() from C to D; \checkmark
```

Reachability of protocol states

```
rec X {
   1() from A to B;
   continue X;
}
2() from A to B; X
rec X {
   1() from A to B;
   continue X;
}
```

```
2() from C to D; \checkmark
```

Reachability of protocol states checked via projections

(Reachability wrt. "per-role" protocol flow)

```
choice at A {
  rec X {
    1() from A to B;
    1() from B to C;
    continue X;
  }
} or {
    2() from A to B;
    2() from B to C;
}
```

Safety errors? (reception errors, orphan messages, deadlock)

```
choice at A {
  rec X {
    1() from A to B;
    1() from B to C;
    continue X;
  }
} or {
    2() from A to B;
    2() from B to C;
}
```

- Safety errors? (reception errors, orphan messages, deadlock)
  - Endpoint FSM for A?

```
choice at A {
   rec X {
      1() from A to B;
      //1() from B to C;
      continue X;
   }
} or {
      2() from A to B;
      2() from B to C;
}
```

- Safety errors? (reception errors, orphan messages, deadlock)
  - Endpoint FSM for A?
  - How about now?

```
choice at A {
   rec X {
      1() from A to B;
      //1() from B to C;
      continue X;
   }
} or {
      2() from A to B;
      2() from B to C;
}
```

Safety errors? (reception errors, orphan messages, deadlock)

- Endpoint FSM for A?
- How about now?
- But is this a "good" protocol?

```
choice at A {
   rec X {
      1() from A to B;
      //1() from B to C;
      continue X;
   }
} or {
      2() from A to B;
      2() from B to C; X
}
```

Safety errors? (reception errors, orphan messages, deadlock) no

- Endpoint FSM for A?
- How about now?
- But is this a "good" protocol?
- Liveness errors
  - Role progress

```
choice at A {
   rec X {
      1() from A to B;
      //1() from B to C;
      continue X;
   }
} or {
      2() from A to B;
}
2() from C to B; X
```

- ▶ Safety errors? (reception errors, orphan messages, deadlock) no
  - Endpoint FSM for A?
  - How about now?
  - But is this a "good" protocol?
- Liveness errors
  - Role progress
  - Message liveness

```
rec X {
   choice at A {
    1() from A to B;
   continue X;
   } or {
    2() from A to B;
    2() from B to C;
   }
}
```

Is this a good protocol?

```
rec X {
   choice at A {
    1() from A to B;
   continue X;
   } or {
    2() from A to B;
    2() from B to C; ?
   }
}
```

Is this a good protocol?

Depends on...

```
rec X {
   choice at A {
      1() from A to B;
   continue X;
   } or {
      2() from A to B;
      2() from B to C; ?
   }
}
```

- Is this a good protocol?
  - Depends on... fairness of output choice

```
rec X {
  choice at A {
    1() from A to B;
    continue X;
  } or {
    2() from A to B;
    2() from B to C; ?
  }
}
```

- Is this a good protocol?
  - Depends on... fairness of output choice
- Session subtyping vs. fairness [MSCS16]

[MSCS16] Fair subtyping for multi-party session types. L. Padovani.

#### Homework

```
rec X {
    choice at A {
        1() from A to B;
        2() from B to C;
        3() from C to B;
    } or {
        4() from A to C;
        5() from C to B;
    }
    continue X;
}
```

- Why does Scribble not allow this protocol?
- What can "go wrong"?

## Implementing session delegation

- Type safe connection dynamics
- Transparent to the "passive party"



$$s[\mathbf{p}]!\langle\langle \mathbf{q}, s'[\mathbf{p}'] \rangle\rangle P \mid s:h \longrightarrow P \mid s:h \cdot (\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{q}, s'[\mathbf{p}'])$$
[Deleg]  
$$s[\mathbf{p}]?((\mathbf{q}, y)) P \mid s: (\mathbf{q}, \mathbf{p}, s'[\mathbf{p}']) \cdot h \longrightarrow P\{s'[\mathbf{p}']/y\} \mid s:h$$
[SRcv]

- $\blacktriangleright$  Asynchrony modelled by decoupling input/output via (global) queue
  - All messages "rerouted" in transit

## Implementing session delegation

Type safe connection dynamics

S

Transparent to the "passive party"



$$s[\mathbf{p}]!\langle\langle \mathbf{q}, s'[\mathbf{p}'] \rangle\rangle.P \mid s:h \longrightarrow P \mid s:h \cdot (\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{q}, s'[\mathbf{p}'])$$
[Deleg]  
$$[\mathbf{p}]?((\mathbf{q}, y)).P \mid s:(\mathbf{q}, \mathbf{p}, s'[\mathbf{p}']) \cdot h \longrightarrow P\{s'[\mathbf{p}']/y\} \mid s:h$$
[SRcv]

- Asynchrony modelled by decoupling input/output via (global) queue
  - ► All messages "rerouted" in transit

## Implementing session delegation

Type safe connection dynamics

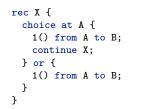
S

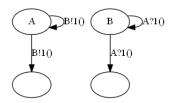
Transparent to the "passive party"

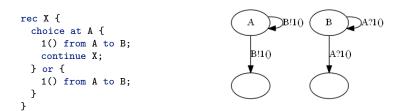


$$s[\mathbf{p}]!\langle\langle \mathbf{q}, s'[\mathbf{p}']\rangle\rangle P \mid s:h \longrightarrow P \mid s:h \cdot (\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{q}, s'[\mathbf{p}'])$$
[Deleg]  
$$[\mathbf{p}]?((\mathbf{q}, y)) P \mid s:(\mathbf{q}, \mathbf{p}, s'[\mathbf{p}']) \cdot h \longrightarrow P\{s'[\mathbf{p}']/y\} \mid s:h$$
[SRcv]

- Asynchrony modelled by decoupling input/output via (global) queue
  - All messages "rerouted" in transit







- Potential deadlock or orphans
  - (This example is invalid branch/select syntax in standard MPST)