

#### **Structure of this presentation**

- 1. The SICSA Smart Tourism Programme
  - Partners
  - Challenges
  - Project landscape
- 2. Three projects on a common theme geo-culture
  - Palimpsest
  - Botanitours
  - Travelling Treasures



#### **Smart Tourism: Partners & Challenges**

#### A. Cultural visitor attractions:

Edinburgh Festivals Innovation Lab, Historic Scotland,
 Museums Galleries Scotland

#### **B.** Academics:

- Edinburgh, Glasgow, St Andrews, Robert Gordons, Aberdeen

#### C. Small tech companies:

- ADS, Bitwink, Neatebox, Qraqrbox, ...

#### 1. Personalisation:

 Improve how visitors navigate the city/country and volume of events/sites.

#### 2. Elastic demand and greening:

- Make available more resources ... during times of peak demand.

#### 3. New channels, new content:

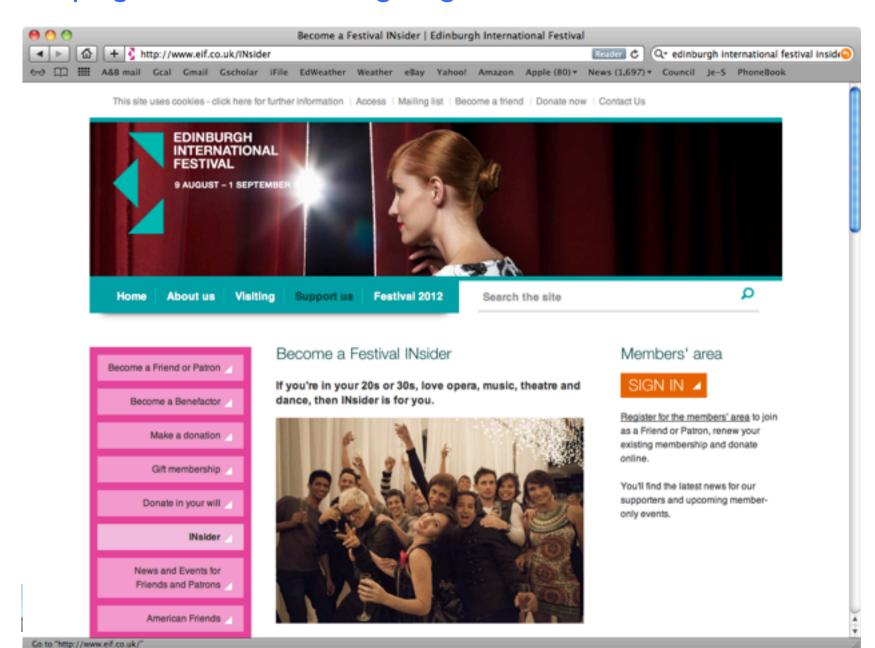
 New digital channels ... for sharing performance and cultural content, and new 'born digital' content ...



# **Smart Tourism: Project Landscape**

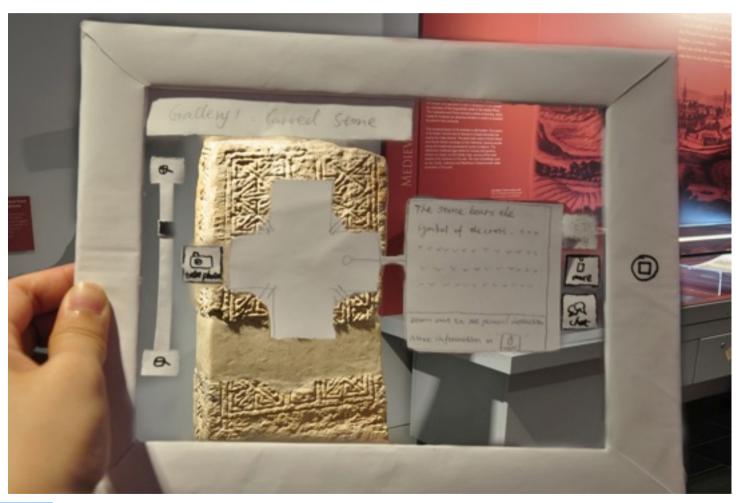
	Archives	Augmentation
Locate globally	Curios Mobile	Historical Echoes
	Botanitours	Minerva
	Travelling Treasures	Summit
	Palimpsest *	
Locate locally:	Living Histories	SMART
beacons & displays	Content Beyond	LADDIE
	SmartBeacons	PAST
	Talisman	
Don't locate	Shaping Festivals	Navigating Festivals
	All SFC fund	ded, except * AHRC funded

#### **Shaping the Festivals / Navigating the Festivals**



### **SMART**

# St Andrews University, MUSA, Interface3

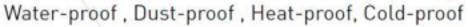




#### **LADDIE**

#### St Andrews University, Historic Scotland and ADS Ltd







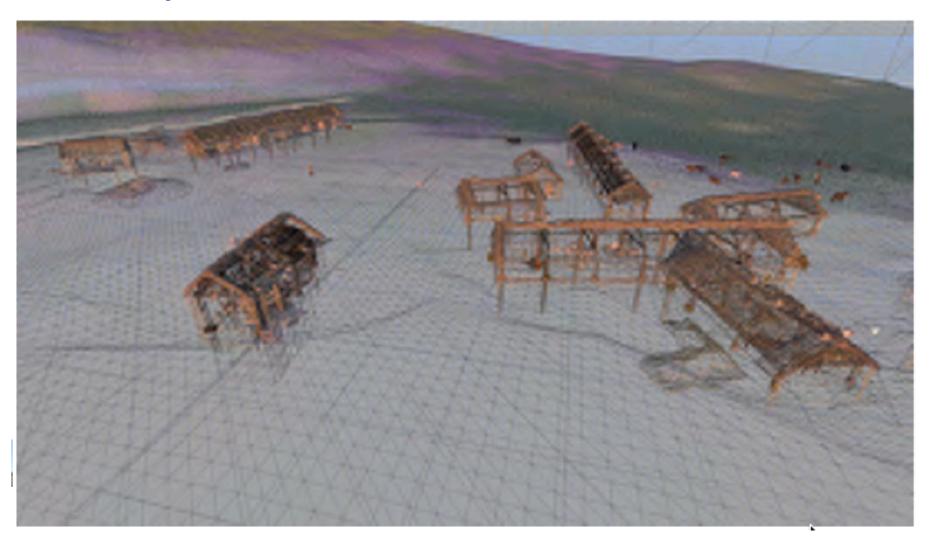




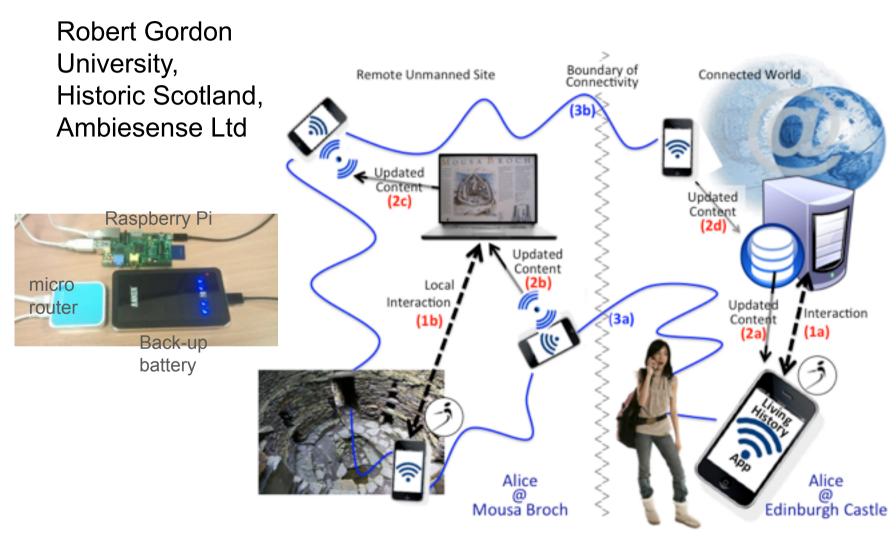


#### **PAST**

# Timespan Museum (Helmsdale), SCAPE Trust, University of St Andrews



### **Living History**





#### Content beyond the edge

St Andrews
University,
StAnza
Poetry
Festival,
Qraqrbox
Ltd





#### **Talisman**



#### **SmartBeacons**

# Neatebox, National Museums Scotland, RGU



#### **Historical Echoes**

### Edinburgh Napier, Historic Scotland and Veemee Ltd









#### Minerva

## Virtual Excavator

iPhone app that uses 3D sound to guide around Antonine Wall, Bar Hill fort

Unstewarded site

Sounds of activities around fort

Virtual actors that lead you around

Can excavate objects by gesture







University of Glasgow, Glasgow City Council, Interpretive Media, Cereproc



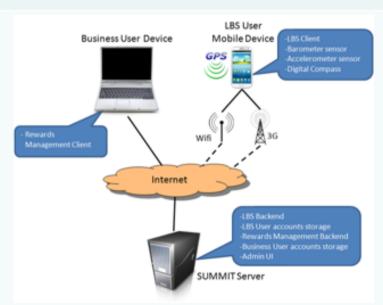
#### **Summit: Heriot Watt, Visit Fort William**

#### **SUMMIT:** Supporting rUral tourisM with Motivational Intelligent Technologies

# Key technical challenges

- 1. Personalisation.
- 2. Reward management.
- Virtual "Always-On" Connectivity (VAOC) to mitigate effects of signal loss and conserve battery power.

#### **Deployment**



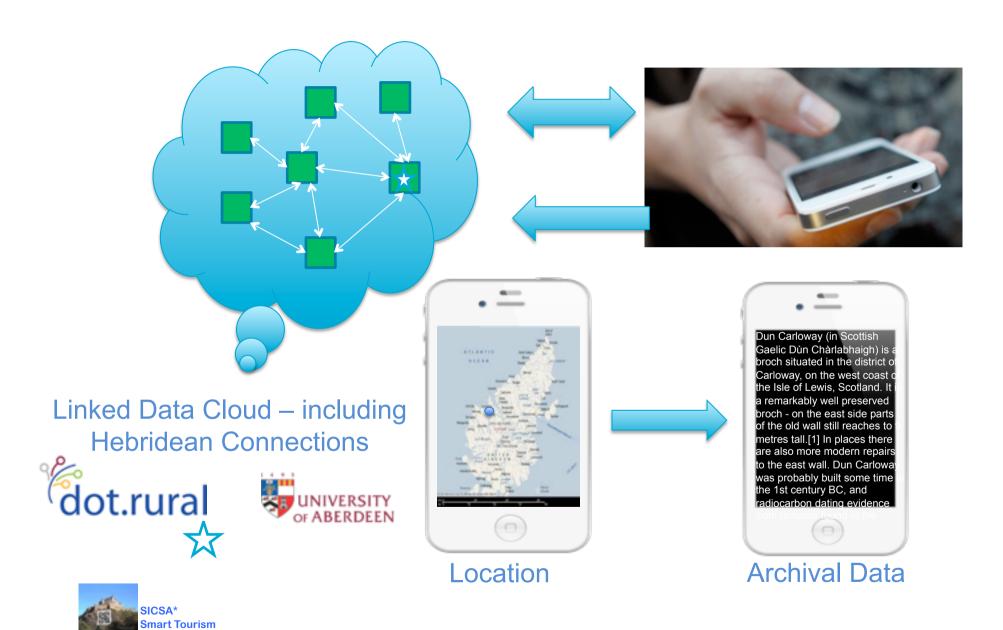
- Personalised Location Based Service (LBS) running on user's mobile device
- Management system running on backend server
- Business users running local clients on own devices

**Beneficiaries** 

Tourists, small rural enterprises, regional & national bodies



#### Curios Mobile: Aberdeen, Bluemungus



#### **BotaniTours**

# Royal Botanic Gardens Edinburgh, EDINA, U of Edinburgh



#### **Travelling Treasures**

Edinburgh
Museum and
Galleries,
Assembly
Rooms,
Lothian
Buses,
U of
Edinburgh





### **Palimpsest: Text mining for Literary Edinburgh**





It seemed to me as if the rock and castle assumed a new aspect every time I looked at them; and Arthur's Seat was perfect witchcraft. I don't wonder that anyone residing in Edinburgh should write poetically.

Washington Irving (1817)



# Project Overview

- AHRC big data project: Jan 2014 Mar 2015
  - Interdisciplinary research project between literary scholars and computer scientists working on text mining and visualisation

#### • Aims:

- Capture and visualise the spatial and temporal dimensions of Edinburgh as a city of the literary imagination.
- Focus on the setting of literature and its context.

## Support:

- UNESCO City of Literature adopted the Palimpsest prototype.
- Collaboration with the Scottish Storytelling Centre and the International Book Festival
- Data provided so far by the National Library of Scotland,
   Oxford Text Archive, The British Library, HathiTrust.





# Processing the archive

- 1. Retrieve a "collection" of literary works which are at least partly set in Edinburgh from all available literature.
- 2. Devise a method of identifying "loco-specificity" in literature automatically.
- 3. Create a fine-grained location gazetteer for Edinburgh.
- 4. Use this to filter the collection, via assisted curation.
- 5. Textmine, identify and geo-reference locations including street names and buildings using the Edinburgh Geoparser.
- 6. Analyse the linguistic context of locations.
- 7. Document and publish all methods to recreate similar outputs for other cities of literature.





# Datasets: ~10^10 words

- The British Library Nineteenth Century Books collection.
- HathiTrust collection
  - all out-of-copyright material
- Internet Archive literature
  - based on meta-data-specific queries
- English Project Gutenberg books
- Oxford Text Archive data
- Eighteenth Century Collections Online
- Early English Books Online (?)





### **BotaniTours: Text Mining for Botanical Tourism**

# Royal Botanic Gardens Edinburgh, EDINA, U of Edinburgh



#### **Project Overview**

- Smart Tourism/dot.rural project (Oct 2013 June 2014)
  - Creating a GPS- and time-aware app/web service to identify interesting botanical points of interest
    - e.g. plants in the wild or in gardens.
  - Planning to extend the app to crowd-source images from users for phenology research.
- Text mining unstructured and semi-structured text to extract relevant information including plant descriptions, usages and images from aggregated sources:
  - Global Biodiversity Information Facility (GBIF),
     Encyclopedia of Life (EOL), Flora Celtica, Flora Scotica?,
     Wikipedia, Wikispecies.
- Mobile app based on FieldTrip GB
- Future part of RBGE's 'Scotland's Plants'





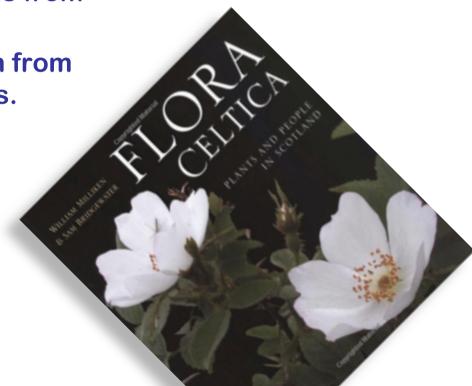
#### **Progress**

- Collected nearly 26K geo-located observations (from Year 2000) of 2,150 flowering plant species from GBIF.
- Common names for the species from GBIF and Flora Celtica.
- Images from EOL and Wikispecies.

Textual descriptions from Wikipedia.

 Garden information from Scotland's Gardens.

 Usages from Flora Celtica.







### **Geo-coordinates, Images, Gardens**

- GBIF: http://www.gbif.org/species/5414995
- EOL: <a href="http://eol.org/pages/578392/overview">http://eol.org/pages/578392/overview</a>
- Scotland's Gardens:
- http://www.scotlandsgardens.org/gardens/district/5





### Flora Celtica Common Names: e.g. Species Digitalis Purpurea

- Foxglove
- Dead men's bells
- Witch's Thimbles
- Gensie Pushon
- Lus a bhalgair
- Lus nam Ban-sìdh
- Bloody fingers
- Foxter
- Witch's thimble
- Bloody bells
- Fairy's thimbles
- Deadmen's fingers
- Scotch mercury
- Wild mercury
- An lus mor (the big plant)
- Ciochan nan cailleachan marblia (dead old women's paps)
- Meuran nan caillich mharbha (dead women's thimbles)
- Meuran nan davine marbh (dead men's thimbles)
- Sionn





#### Flora Celtica (Usages)

- 3 MATERIALS Dyes/Inks/Pigments
- 2 SOCIAL USES Witchcraft/Charms/Magic
- 2 MEDICINES Skin/Subcutaneous Cellular Tissue Disorders
- 2 MEDICINES Inflammation
- 1 SOCIAL USES Stories, myths, literature
- 1 SOCIAL USES Religious Uses
- 1 MEDICINES Respiratory System Disorders
- 1 MEDICINES Pain
- 1 MEDICINES Muscular-Skeletal System Disorders
- 1 MEDICINES Digestive System Disorders
- 1 MEDICINES Circulatory System Disorders
- 1 MATERIALS Toys and games





#### Flora Celtica (References)

- Lightfoot (1777) The bitter qualities of this plant made a decoction of the leaves suitable for use as an emetic and cathartic, as well as in cases of scrofula (in ointment).
- Beith (1995) The roots of foxgloves, when pounded up, heated and used in a poultice were employed to counteract swelling and internal growths.
- NULL 2nd year leaves were boiled in water and then taken when cool as a circulatory stimulant, although the process had to be supervised.
- Beith (1995) A condition called 'the rose' (from the Gaelic 'Ros') was cured by applying a moistened foxglove leaf onto the affected area. 'The rose' is thought to refer to a variety of skin conditions, such as eczema.
- Beith (1995) "In the braes of Lochaber chopped foxglove leaves and butter and garlic or onion heated were deemed 'good for drawing things, good for bad knees and for diphtheria - as a poultice on the knees, neck, and so on."





#### **Text Mining Descriptions**

#### Digitalis purpurea

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

This article is about the flowering plant. For the band, see Digitalis Purpurea (band).

Digitalis purpurea (foxglove, common foxglove, purple foxglove or lady's glove), is a species of flowering plant in the genus Digitalis, in the family Scrophulariaceae, native and widespread throughout most of temperate Europe. It is also naturalised in parts of North America and some other temperate regions. The plants are well known as the original source of the heart medicine digoxin, (also called digitalis or digitalin).

#### Contents [hide]

- 1 Description
- 2 Subspecies
- 3 Hybrids
- 4 Toxicity
- 5 Uses
  - 5.1 Use in molecular biology
- 6 In literature and music
- 7 Gallery
- 8 References

#### Description [edit]

Digitalis purpurea is an herbaceous biennial or short-lived perennial plant. The leaves are spirally arranged, simple, 10–35 cm long and 5–12 cm broad, and are covered with gray-white pubescent and glandular hairs, imparting a woolly texture. The foliage forms a tight rosette at ground level in the first year.

The flowering stem develops in the second year, typically 1 to 2 m tall, sometimes longer. The flowers are arranged in a showy, terminal, elongated cluster, and each flower is tubular and pendent. The flowers are typically purple, but some plants, especially those under cultivation, may be pink, rose, yellow, or white. The inside surface of the flower tube is heavily spotted. The flowering period is early

#### **Text Mining Descriptions**

#### Using WordNet?

Part Meronyms of noun flower 1 of 3 senses of flower

Sense 2

flower, bloom, blossom

HAS PART: stamen

HAS PART: pistil

HAS PART: carpel

HAS PART: ovary

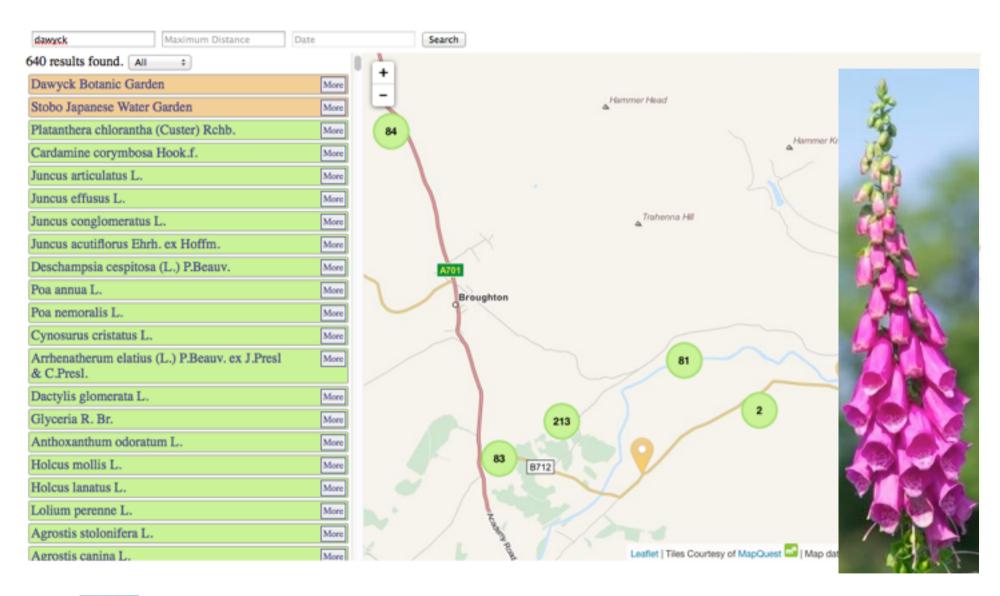
HAS PART: floral leaf

HAS PART: perianth, chlamys,

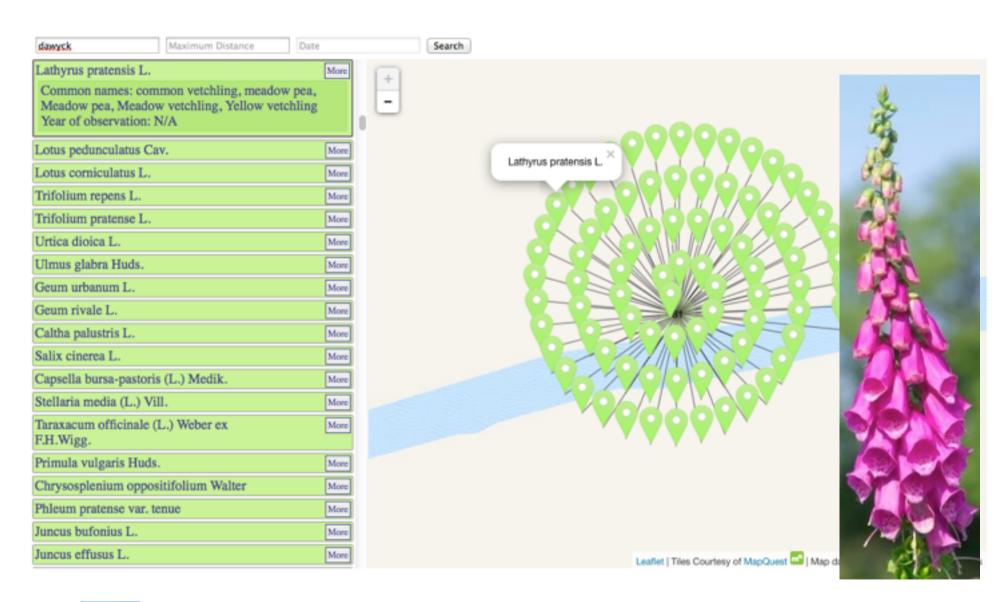
floral envelope, perigone, perigonium



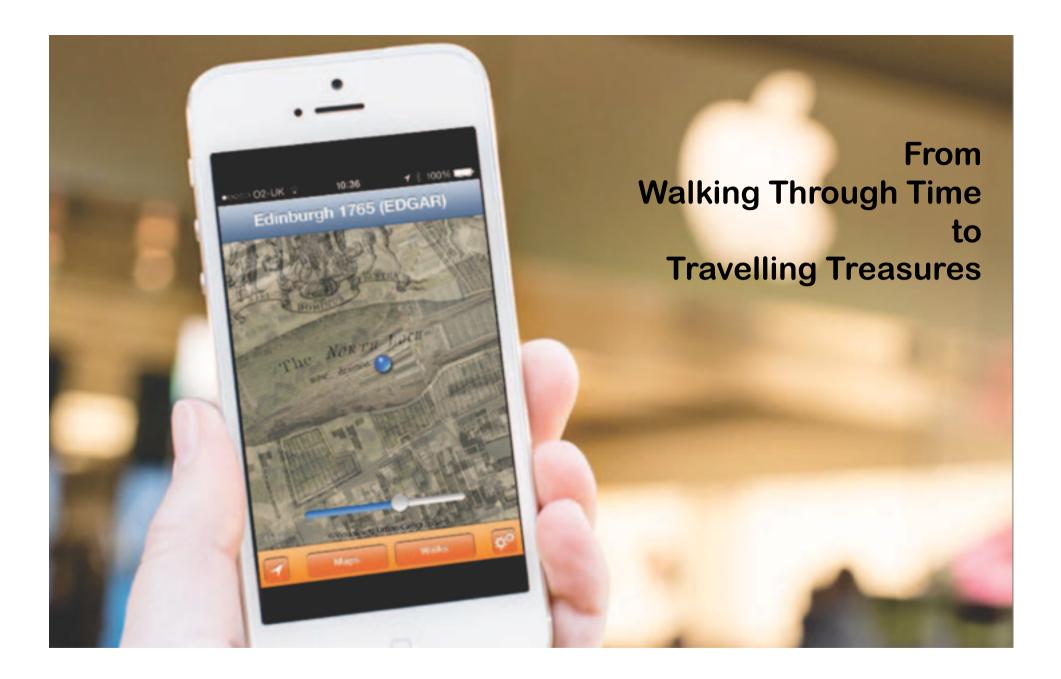




















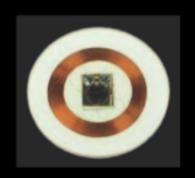














Pilot: 40 buses, 100 objects

Deployment: 750 buses, 10<sup>6</sup> objects



#### **Conclusions**

- Cities contain tourists as well as residents
- Mining for hidden gems helps meet two of the three challenges
  - 1. Personalisation:
    - Improve how visitors navigate the city/country and volume of events/ sites.
  - 2. Elastic demand and greening:
    - Make available more resources ... during times of peak demand.
  - 3. New channels, new content:
    - New digital channels ... for sharing performance and cultural content, and new 'born digital' content ...
- Hidden Gems = Data + Places + Visitor experience
  - Rich archives
  - Text mining
  - Geo grounding
  - Mobile access

