Modeling the Web of Things from an IR Approach

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Motivation

- Nowadays, only 1% of real-world objects are connected to the Internet, but expected 50 to 100 billion by 2020.
- **Internet of Things**: technologies and research areas that enable Internet to adopt some intelligence and interconnect real world objects.
- **Web of Things**: Integration of these real world objects to the Web.
- **Consequence**: a huge amount of objects in the real world producing a vast and dynamic amount of information.
- \rightarrow Challenge for IR.

Motivation

• Objective:

- Design, development and implementation of real-time search engines
- that allow finding things,
- and information on variables of these things,
- as well as the features and services provided by them.

Motivation

• But previous to that:

Design of an abstract model and a structured representation of the Web of Things

Outline

- 1. Abstract Model of the WoT.
- 2. Conclusions and Further Research.

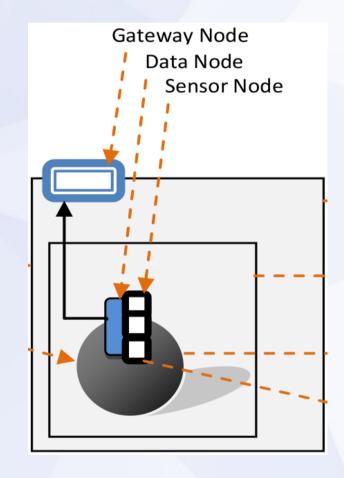
Outline

- 1. Abstract Model of the WoT.
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- Model based on an abstraction of the real world.
- Two main elements:
 - **Things** (tangible or intangible).
 - **Spaces** (where these things are contained or related to).
- Previous to the WoT model:
 - Physical infrastructure connecting these two elements with Internet.

Modeling the IoT (Devices):

- **Sensor Nodes**: Obtaining real-time information on properties of things in real time.
- **Data Nodes**: Getting connectivity to other data nodes to access Internet and joining information from other sensor nodes.
- Gateway Nodes: Protocol conversion and/or Internet Access.



Modeling the WoT based on three main abstractions:

• **Virtual Sensors** ← Associated to Virtual Nodes.

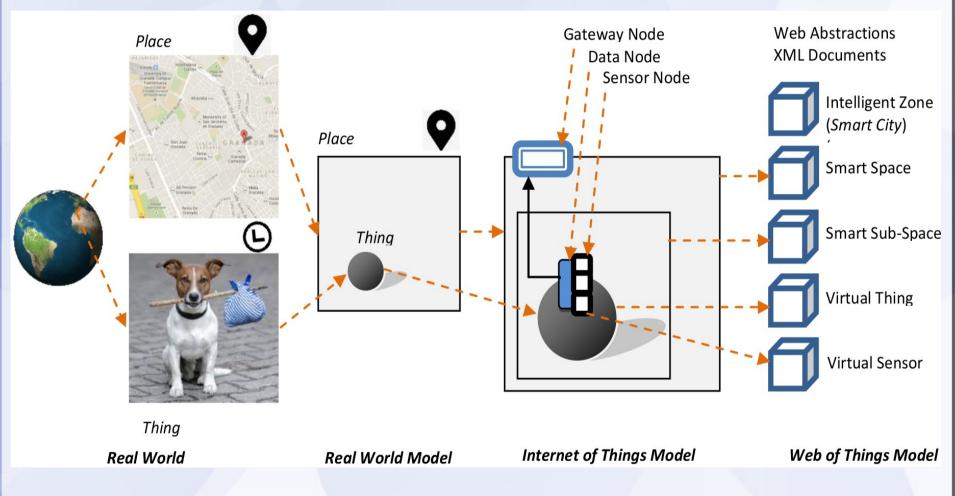
Web representation of the sensor: recollection, composition and visualization of data from the sensors.

• Virtual Things: Web representation of real things [(un)tangible].

Not only information from virtual sensors but also any other information or service from the real thing.

• **Smart Spaces**: Web representation of real spaces, places or environments where real things are placed or moving.

Sub-spaces and federated spaces (Intelligent Zones).
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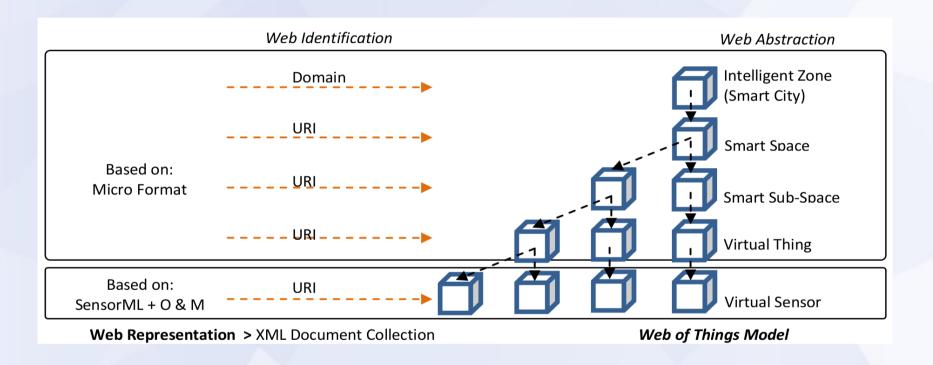


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Structured representation of the WoT

- Each virtual element has associated an XML file and its URI.
 - XML file containing the its description, properties and data (dynamic XML == real time).
 - URI: identifier of the XML document.
 - Published in the Web → indexed and retrieved by search engines.



- Each component is represented by a XML Schema (XSD).
- For **virtual sensors**, tags representing:
 - General information (keywords, identification and classification).
 - Properties characterizing the virtual sensor.
 - Description of sensor capabilities.
 - State.
 - Sample time, measure,...
 - History.
- Link to the virtual thing attached.
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- For **virtual things**, tags representing:
 - General information (keywords, identification and classification).
 - Properties characterizing the virtual thing + availability.
 - History.
 - Link to the smart space attached.
 - Link to all the attached virtual sensors.

- For **smart spaces**, tags representing:
 - General information (keywords, identification and classification).
 - Properties characterizing the smart space.
 - History.
 - Link to the possible smart space attached.
 - Link to the possible sub-spaces that contains.
 - Link to the attached virtual things.

- What kind of queries would we like to solve?
 - Restaurants with a terrace, located in the city center, playing ambient classic music, not crowded.
 - Parks with dirt tracks where there are no dogs and runners are slow.
 - Number plate and locations for those private cars, close to my position, going to the university campus right now and with, at least, one free seat.

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Conclusions

- WoT: New challenge for $IR \rightarrow Dynamism$ and amount of data.
 - change of locations of things,
 - change of the collection when new sensors or things are included y the WoT, or removed,
 - real time data collected from sensors.
- First step in this adaptation: modeling the WoT.
- Our proposal: a model based on virtual sensors, things and smart spaces, linked among them, publishing info continuously in the Web by means of XML documents.

Conclusions

• Current research state:

Building an simulator of the proposed WoT model.

• Further research lines:

To measure the impact of this dynamism in search engines and propose solutions.

Thank you!!